109561 RevE



Sargas User Guide

For firmware version 5.1.2 and later





Authorized Reseller: RFID4UStore www.rfid4ustore.com 1-408-739-3500 sales@rfid4ustore.com



Government Limited Rights Notice: All documentation and manuals were developed at private expense and no part of it was developed using Government funds.

The U.S. Government's rights to use, modify, reproduce, release, perform, display, or disclose the technical data contained herein are restricted by paragraph (b)(3) of the Rights in Technical Data — Noncommercial Items clause (DFARS 252.227-7013(b)(3)), as amended from time-to-time. Any reproduction of technical data or portions thereof marked with this legend must also reproduce the markings. Any person, other than the U.S. Government, who has been provided access to such data must promptly notify ThingMagic.

ThingMagic, Mercury, Reads Any Tag, and the ThingMagic logo are trademarks or registered trademarks of ThingMagic, A Division of Trimble.

Other product names mentioned herein may be trademarks or registered trademarks of Trimble or other companies.

©2016 ThingMagic – a division of Trimble Navigation Limited. ThingMagic and The Engine in RFID are registered trademarks of Trimble Navigation Limited. Other marks may be protected by their respective owners. All Rights Reserved.

ThingMagic, A Division of Trimble One Merrill Street Woburn, MA 01801 866-833-4069

109561 RevE July 2016



Revision History

Revision	Summary of Changes
Rev A	First Draft
Rev B	Second Draft
Rev C	Third Draft
Rev D	First Release
Rev E	Thermal Considerations section added.



Revision History
Introduction
Hardware Overview .8 What's in the Box .8 Ports and Connectors .8
Programming Interfaces12Mercury API12Demo Applications12LLRP12On-Reader Applications13
Setting Up the Reader14Equipment Required.14Setup Procedure15
Networking Settings.25Setting Up the Network Hardware.25Using DHCP.27
Connecting to the USB Console Port
Using GPIO.32Connector Pinout32Electrical Specifications.32Inputs33Outputs.33
Controlling the Reader.35Using the Browser-Based Interface.35Protocol Support.44ISO 18000-6B.45
Reader RF Power
Thermal Considerations
Mounting the Reader.51Ceiling or Wall.51Variables Affecting Performance.52Environmental.52Tag Considerations.53Multiple Readers.53



Sargas Specifications	54
UHF RFID Antenna Interface	54
Power	54
Environmental	54
Physical Dimensions	55
Supported UHF Tag Protocols	55
Data/Control Interfaces	55
Performance	55
Regulatory & Safety	56
Processor	56
User Memory	56
Real Time Clock	56
Operating System	56
Compliance and IP Notices	57
Regulatory Compliance	57
Appendix A: Sargas Antenna and Cable Information	60
Authorized Antennas	60
Authorized Cables	61
Appendix B: Sargas Dimensions	62
Appendix C: Advanced Administration	63
Changing console/root password:	63
Appendix D: Troubleshooting	64
Troubleshooting Table	64
Reset to the Default Configuration	64
Safe Mode	65
Collecting Diagnostic Data for ThingMagic Support	65
	66

Sargas User Guide

Introduction

This document applies to Sargas readers with firmware version 5.1.2 or later.

This document explains how to set up the Sargas readers, how to configure them for network operation, and how to use the browser-based interface. See the corresponding *Sargas Firmware Release Notes* for operational differences that what is in this User Guide specific to a firmware version.

Separate appendices contain specifications and antenna information that are specific to the Sargas reader.

Applications to control the Sargas from an external host can be written using the high level MercuryAPI. The MercuryAPI supports Java, .NET and C programming environments. Applications to control the Sargas using its internal processor can be written via the C programming environment. The MercuryAPI Software Development Kit (SDK) contains sample applications and source code to help developers get started demoing and developing functionality. For more information on the MercuryAPI see the *MercuryAPI Programmers Guide* and the *MercuryAPI SDK*, available on the ThingMagic website.

This document is broken down into the following sections:

 <u>Hardware Overview</u> - Provides detailed specifications of the Sargas hardware and physical interfaces.



- <u>Programming Interfaces</u> Describes the programming interfaces, including on-reader applications, where to find code samples, and the LLRP interface.
- The following sections explain the methods available for connecting to the Sargas over the ethernet, and USB interfaces.
 - <u>Setting Up the Reader</u> Connect using a direct ethernet connection from a Host PC to the Sargas.
 - <u>Networking Settings</u> Connect over ethernet LAN using DHCP, selfallocated, or static IP settings.
 - <u>Connecting to the USB Console Port</u> Connect to the Sargas console for command-line interface access and troubleshooting.
- <u>Using GPIO</u> Details the GPIO physical interface specs and how to control it via the MercuryAPI.
- <u>Controlling the Reader</u> Describes the browser-based interface and the configuration and testing options available through it.
 - Protocol Support Provides descriptions of the Sargas advanced protocol specific configuration options that ares supported through the use of the MercuryAPI
- <u>Reader RF Power</u> Provides guidelines and limitations for setting the RF Power of the Sargas.
- Mounting the Reader and Appendix B: Sargas Dimensions Provides details of the physical dimensions of the Sargas.
- Sargas Specifications Table of Sargas specifications.
- <u>Compliance and IP Notices</u> Regulator notices.
- <u>Appendix A: Sargas Antenna and Cable Information</u> Lists the authorized Antennas and cables which can be used with the Sargas in FCC regions.
- Appendix C: Advanced Administration Provides the steps for some advanced administration settings, such as changing reader passwords.
- <u>Appendix D: Troubleshooting</u> Provides recommended debugging steps for common problems and instructions for gathering log data when submitting a problem case to ThingMagic support.



Hardware Overview

What's in the Box

Sargas Reader

- Sargas Reader
- Getting Started Guide

Sargas Reader Dev Kit

- AC Power Adapter with interchangeable plugs (PWRADP-S6-MR)
- RP-SMA to R-TNC adapter cable (CBLADP-1)
- 6 foot R-TNC to R-TNC cable (CBL-P6)
- LAN Cross-over cable
- Wideband antenna (ANT-WB-6-2025)
- Sample Tag Pack (TM-TAG-KIT)

Ports and Connectors

Antenna Connections

The Sargas supports two monostatic bidirectional RF antennas through two Reverse Polarity SMA (abbreviated to "RP-SMA") connectors: labeled ANT1 and ANT2 on the Sargas - *Figure 1*.

The maximum RF power that can be delivered to a 50 ohm load from the external port is 1.0 Watts, (+30.0 dBm). Depending on the antenna used and the regulations for the region of operation, the maximum permitted level may be lower than this.

The RF ports can only be energized one at a time, but can be configured to alternate many times per second, often resulting in the appearance of continuous reading on both antennas.



Figure 1: Sargas RFID Antenna Ports



Antenna Requirements

The performance of the Sargas is affected by antenna quality. Antennas that provide good 50 ohm match at the operating frequency band perform best. The degree of antenna match is measured as a return loss in negative dBm units, with a higher numerical (more negative) value being a better match. Specified sensitivity performance is achieved with antennas providing -17 dB return loss or better across the operating band. Damage to the reader will not occur for any return loss of -1 dB or greater.

🔥 WARNING!

Damage may occur if antennas are disconnected during operation or if the Sargas sees an open or short circuit at its antenna port.



To comply with FCC's RF radiation exposure requirements, the antenna(s) used for this transmitter must be installed such that a minimum separation distance of 22 cm is maintained between the radiator (antenna) & user's/nearby people's body at all times and must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.





Figure 2: Sargas Digital and Power Connectors



DC Power ("+5VDC")

The connector used has the following specifications:

- Accommodates jack with 2.1 mm center pin and 5.5 mm outer diameter; barrel connector length of 9.5 mm
- Electrical: Current (carry) 3A at 5V

w See the section, <u>Power</u>, for DC Power supply requirements.

Ethernet ("LAN")

+ 10/100 RJ45 with 2 indicator LEDs



This jack does not support Power over Ethernet, but there are third party solutions for this. See <u>Using Ethernet Power (PoE)</u>.

USB/Console ("USB1")

A USB 2.0 mini-USB client port is available to provide access to the terminal-based console and, in the future, a USB-based IP interface. To interface with it, see <u>Connecting</u> to the USB Console Port.

External Memory ("MicroSD")

A Micro SD, 3.3 V, interface available for various standard and custom purposes. Future firmware versions are anticipated to use this interface as a source of new firmware and for portable tag data storage.

Control and Indicator Interfaces ("GPIO")

2 Input and 2 output opto-isolated GPIO lines, are available for customizing reader control and result indication. There is also supporting circuitry to convert them into TTL level logic, in and out. See <u>Using GPIO</u>

Video Output Interface ("HDMI")

The HTMI interface allows connection of a video display to view the internal LINUX workstation interface or display the results of custom applications. At this time, audio is not supported over this interface.

Host USB ("USB2")

A USB 2.0 host interface Provides power and host USB connectivity for various standard and custom purposes. In the future, this interface will supports a variety of accessories, such as a keyboard, a mouse, wireless LAN interfaces, and readers that support other RFID technologies, such as Bluetooth Low Energy (BLE).



Programming Interfaces

MercuryAPI

Applications to control the Sargas reader, and all ThingMagic Reader products, can be written using the high level MercuryAPI. The MercuryAPI supports Java, .NET and C (for on-reader applications) programming environments. The MercuryAPI Software Development Kit (SDK) contains sample applications and source code to help developers get started demoing and developing functionality. For more information on the MercuryAPI see the *MercuryAPI Programmers Guide* and the *MercuryAPI SDK*, available on the ThingMagic website.

Demo Applications

As the starting point for learning the capabilities of the Sargas reader, and also a starting place for building custom applications, a demo application is provided in the MercuryAPI SDK package. The executable for this example is included in the MercuryAPI SDK package (available on rfid.thingmagic.com/devkit) under /cs/samples/exe/Universal-Reader-Assistant2.0.exe.

See the Universal-Reader- Assistant 3.0 User Guide (available from http:// www.thingmagic.com/manuals-firmware) for usage details.

LLRP

LLRP is the EPCglobal standard (<u>http://www.gs1.org/epc-rfid/epc-rfid-llrp/latest</u>) used for communication between the Sargas and a client application. The Sargas should be "dropin compatible" with systems supporting the standard LLRP protocol. Middleware such as BizTalk and WebSphere have standard LLRP adapters that can work with the Sargas. In many cases custom extensions are implemented to support non-standard configuration options and commands, which are often reader specific. If your LLRP based client uses such custom extensions it is likely that modifications will need to be made to support the Sargas. In addition some Sargas functionality is only available through the use of custom extensions.

For more information on direct use of LLRP, the ThingMagic custom extensions and the open source LLRP ToolKit please contact ThingMagic support (support@thingmagic.com).



On-Reader Applications

The Sargas supports running custom applications on the reader, built using the MercuryAPI C Language interface. Most programs written using the C API can be compiled to run as a client application or run on the reader.

Please see the *MercuryAPI Programmers Guide* | *On-Reader Applications Guide*, available for download from http://www.thingmagic.com/manuals-firmware.



Setting Up the Reader

This section describes the steps necessary to setup all the necessary components and connect to the Reader's browser-based interface.

Equipment Required

To set up Single Reader Operation, you need the reader and some additional hardware.

The additional hardware required includes:

- A computer with a web browser
- Ethernet cable (CAT5e, shielded, 5')
- Wideband antenna(s)
- Coax cable(s) (with an RP-SMA connector on one end or an RP-TNC connector used in conjunction with our RP-SMA to RP-TNC adapter cable)
- Optionally, you should have a USB cable (PC type A connector to Sargas mini-USB connector) in case console access is required.

Note

To initiate tag reading with the Sargas Reader, no host software is required aside from a browser.

To set up the Reader as part of a larger scale deployment that uses a LAN connection, refer to <u>Networking Settings</u>.



Setup Procedure

The steps required to set up and run the Sargas Reader are contained in the following sections:

- 1. <u>Connecting Antenna(s) to the Reader</u>
- 2. <u>Powering Up the Reader</u>
- 3. <u>Connecting Your PC to the Reader</u>
- 4. <u>Communicating with the Reader using a Link-local Address</u>
- 5. Logging On to the Reader

Connecting Antenna(s) to the Reader

The Sargas Reader supports up to two monostatic antennas. The default power setting that you configure is applicable to all antennas, although per-antenna settings are supported. See <u>Settings Page</u> for configuration options.

Before you apply power to the Reader, you must connect at least one antenna to an RFID antenna port.

Note

Use only authorized antennas and cables. See <u>Appendix A: Sargas Antenna and</u> <u>Cable Information</u>.



Powering Up the Reader

You power up the Sargas using a DC power supply - NOTE: Sold separately

To power up the Sargas Reader using a DC power supply:

- 1. Plug the power supply into the Reader's DC power input connector.
- 2. Connect the extension cord to the power supply and plug it into a 100-240VAC power outlet. The Reader immediately begins to power up.

There is no on/off switch on the Reader. While the Reader is powering up, the left (red) RFID status led will be on. The Reader is ready for operation after approximately 60 seconds when the right (green) LED is illuminated and the red LED goes off.

Interpreting the Reader Indicator LEDs

The Sargas Reader has two operational status LEDs, near the DC power connector,, which allow you to determine the current operational readiness and activity of the Sargas Reader.

The colors displayed by the LED include:

- **Red LED on** Indicates that the Reader is starting up.
- **Red LED blinking:** Reader is attempting to obtain an IP address using the default or configured methods.
- **Green LED on**: Indicates that the Reader has a valid IP address and is ready for operation.
- Green LED blinking: Indicates that the RF field is ON and the unit is reading/ writing tags.

Additionally, when the Reader is connected to a PC or a network outlet, the two small LEDs adjacent to the Ethernet (LAN) port indicate Network Status and Network Activity.

Connecting Your PC to the Reader

Network connectivity to the Sargas Reader is provided via its LAN port. For instructions on connecting the Reader to a network, see the section <u>Networking Settings</u>.

When connected directly to a PC, with default/factory configuration, the reader will use Zero Configuration networking (also referred to as Automatic Private IP Addressing on Windows) to get a link local address.



To connect your Reader directly to your PC:

- 1. Connect an Ethernet cable to your PC.
- 2. Connect the other end of the Ethernet cable to the Reader's LAN port.

Communicating with the Reader using a Link-local Address

If you are using an operating system other than Windows 7, consult your network administrator regarding how to set up your PC's TCP/IP connection.

If you are using Windows 7, perform the following steps to set up (or verify) your PC's TCP/IP connection. On most PCs this is the default configuration:

- 1. Select Start from the Start bar, and then select Control Panel.
- 2. Under Network and Internet, select "View network status and tasks".
- 3. In the left menu select "Change adapter settings".
- 4. The Local Area Connection Status window appears, as shown in *Figure 3*.

Note

Link-local addressing does not work if DHCP is disabled on the reader. If the reader's <u>Network Settings</u> have been modified to use a static IP address this setup will not work.



ļ	Local Area Connection Status	J
	General	
	Connection	
	IPV4 Connectivity: Internet	
	IPv6 Connectivity: No network access	
	Media State: Enabled	
	Duration: 1 day 12:52:34	
	Speed: 1.0 Gbps	
	Details	
	Activity	
	Sent — 💵 — Received	
	Bytes: 1,207,871,643 2,428,128,747	
	Properties Disable Diagnose	
Ĺ	Close	

Figure 3: Local Area Connection Status Window



5. Click the Properties button.

The Local Area Connections Properties window appears, as shown in Figure 4.

Local Area Connection Properties	23			
Networking				
Connect using:				
Intel(R) PRO/1000 MT Network Connection				
Configure. This connection uses the following items:				
 Client for Microsoft Networks QoS Packet Scheduler File and Printer Sharing for Microsoft Networks Internet Protocol Version 6 (TCP/IPv6) Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4) Link-Layer Topology Discovery Mapper I/O Driver Link-Layer Topology Discovery Responder 				
Install Uninstall Properties Description Allows your computer to access resources on a Microsoft network.				
OK Car	ncel			

6. Scroll down and select the Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) version you're using. If you don't know which, change both.



7. Click on the Properties button.

The Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) Properties window appears. The General tab should have both "Obtain an IP Address automatically" and "Obtain DNS server address automatically" selected. On the Alternate Configuration tab "Automatic private IP address" should be selected, as shown in *Figure 5*.

Figure 5: Internet Protocol TCP/IP Properties Window

Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4) F	Properties	? ×				
General Alternate Configuration						
If this computer is used on more than one network, enter the alternate IP settings below.						
Automatic private IP address						
O User configured						
IP address:						
Subnet mask:						
Default gateway:						
Preferred DNS server:						
Alternate DNS server:						
Preferred WINS server:						
Alternate WINS server:						
Validate settings, if changed, upon exit						
	ОК	Cancel				

- 8. Click OK to save and exit the window.
- 9. Click OK in the Local Area Connection Properties window.

Logging On to the Reader

You may use any web browser to log on to the Reader.

Before logging into the reader, ensure that all proxy settings are disabled in your browser

Figure 6: Typical Browser Proxy Settings

Internet Properties	Cal Area Network (LAN) Settings			
General Security Privacy Content Connections Program Image: Content in the second seco	Automatic configuration Automatic configuration may override manual settings. To ensure the use of manual settings, disable automatic configuration. Automatically detect settings Use automatic configuration script Address http://wpad/wpad.dat Proxy server Use a proxy server for your LAN (These settings will not apply to dial-up or VPN connections).			
Choose Settings if you need to configure a proxy server for a connection.	Water Advanced Bypass proxy server for local addresses OK			
Local Area Network (LAN) settings LAN Settings do not apply to dial-up connections. Choose Settings above for dial-up settings.	N settings			

To log on to the Reader:

- 1. Launch your web browser and log on to the Reader by entering the Reader's URL address in the browser address bar. This URL will be displayed on a label on the reader, for example, "http://sargas-b65b2f". If your reader is directly connected to the PC, then add the suffix ".local" to the URL, for example: "http:// sargas-b65b2f.local"
- 2. Press Enter. The Login dialog box appears.
- Enter the following: Default user name: "web" Password: "radio" (all lower-case).
- **4.** Click OK. The Reader displays its browser-based interface. The initial page that appears is the Status page, as shown in *Figure 7*.



Note

On some systems, especially when <u>Communicating with the Reader using a Link-</u><u>local Address</u>, the hostname must end in ".local" for the connection to succeed. i.e. "http://Sargas-21071f.local"



← → C ↑ 🗋 sargas-b65b2f.lo	ocal/status			
ThingMagic		SARGA	S	
ee Status	s settings	((i)) READ	FIRMWARE	
		✓ STATU	S	
Status				
ि		39		
Idle	LAN	Temperature	DC Power Supply	
Version				
Region	North America			
OS Version	5.1.1.189 (2016-	06-22T12:32:08-04	.00)	
Web UI Versio	on 5.1.1.189 (2016-	06-22T12:39:30-04	.00)	
AFE Version	M6e Micro HWV AppDate:2015.0	/er:20.00.00.01 Boo 08.18	otVer:12.12.13.00 /	AppVer:01.07.01.1C
LAN Configu	ration			
Host Name	Sargas-b65b2f	Gatev	vay eth0	eth0
IP Address	169.254.6.149	MAC	Address 84:E	B:18:B6:5B:2F
Subnet Mask	255.255.0.0			

Figure 7: Sargas Status Page

- 5. The next step will be to ensure that your settings are correct. The "Settings" icon at the top of the web page allows you to make changes to the reader configuration. If you are configuring from the web site, any changes will be used as your operational configuration and as the default for next time the reader reboots. If you are configuring from an external host with an application such as Universal Reader Assistant, the changes will become effective immediately, but will revert to the default settings if the reader is rebooted.
- •The following outline shows the hierarchy of setting screens within the Saegas Settings page.
- Network



- General Network Settings
- Ethernet Interface
- Reader
- Protocol
- Tag Reader Protocol
- Tag Population
- Tag Repeat Rate
- Miscellaneous



Networking Settings

You can set up the Sargas Reader to use either manual IP addressing or DHCP. By default, the Reader has automatic addressing enabled that boots up looking for a DHCP server. If no DHCP server is found it will use a Link-local address. Optionally, you can have the reader use a static address as a fall-back instead of a link-local address.

DHCP can be used to automatically assign the Reader's IP address, subnet mask, default gateway, NTP Server, DNS server, and hostname. During the initial boot sequence, if the Reader does not get a DHCP-assigned IP address, a link-local address will be negotiated with any connected device(s). However, the Reader will periodically check to see if a DHCP server is available. See the <u>Troubleshooting Table</u> for assistance determining the IP address if you cannot access the reader using the URL hostname.

The following section explains how to set up your PC and Reader on a network.

Setting Up the Network Hardware

Whether you use DHCP or static network addressing, make sure that the network is connected before powering up the Reader. If the Reader does not automatically get the address from a DHCP server, then, by default, a link-local address is used. You will need to change the fallback interface to "static" if you wish the reader to use a default address if no DHCP server is available.

Before setting up your network:

- Connect one end of an Ethernet cable to the Reader and the other end to an Ethernet switch or hub.
- Check that all antennas are securely connected, and then power-up the Reader.
- Connect your PC to the same network as that of the Reader.

Note

Some older 10baseT network hubs may not work properly with the Reader. If you encounter connectivity problems, we recommend using nothing below 10/100baseT hubs/switches.

Using Ethernet Power (PoE)

Another desirable way of powering up the Sargas Reader is to use a single Ethernet cable that is both a communication link and a power source. Although the Sargas Reader does



not support POE directly, we have pre-qualified several devices which extract a 5V power source from the POE-enabled cable, while blocking the potentially harmful power from reaching the Sargas' Ethernet interface. Contact support@thingmagic.com for a list of POE adapters that we have qualified.



Using DHCP

Sargas Setup

DHCP addressing can be used with any LAN interface. To enable DHCP:

- 1. Click on Settings icon at the top of the Web Interface navigation menu to access the Settings Page.
- 2. Select *Use DHCP* = Yes radio button under the General Network Settings section of the Settings screen.
- 3. Click the Save Network Settings button at the bottom of the page.



No changes take effect until you click on the "Save Settings" button at the bottom of any configuration screen.

PC Setup

To use DHCP to automatically assign your PC's IP address to insure common configuration with the Sargas, do the following:

- 1. Select Start from the Start bar, and then select Control Panel.
- 2. Double click the Network Connections icon.
- **3.** Disable your PC's wireless connection, if one exists.
- **4.** Double click the Local Area Connection icon. The local area Connection Status window appears, as shown in *Figure 3*.
- 5. Click the Properties button. The Local Area Connection Properties window appears, as shown in *Figure 4*.
- 6. Scroll down to the bottom of the list and select Internet Protocol (TCP/IP).
- Click on the Properties button. The Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) Properties window appears, as shown in *Figure 8*.



Figure 8: Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) Properties Window

Ir	nternet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4) Properties								
	General Alternate Configuration								
	You can get IP settings assigned automatically if your network supports this capability. Otherwise, you need to ask your network administrator for the appropriate IP settings.								
	Obtain an IP address automatically								
	Use the following IP address:								
	IP address:								
	Subnet mask:								
	Default gateway:								
	Obtain DNS server address automatically								
	Use the following DNS server addresses:								
	Preferred DNS server:								
	Alternate DNS server:								
	Validate settings upon exit Advanced								
Ľ	OK Cancel								

- 8. Select the Obtain an IP address automatically button.
- 9. Click OK to save and exit the window.
- **10.** Click OK, in the Local Area Connection Properties window.
- **11.** Click OK, in the Local Area Connection Status window. The PC may take few minutes to save the new network settings.



Automatic Hostname: Sargas-xxxxxx

At startup, the Reader, by default, generates an 'automatic hostname' by appending the last three bytes of its MAC address to its hostname, such as *Sargas-210027*. (A label on the Sargas reader will also provide this default hostname.)

Your network must have properly configured DNS servers or you must be <u>Communicating</u> with the <u>Reader using a Link-local Address</u> if you wish to connect to the Reader through its hostname. When using DHCP, the DHCP server periodically adds the hostname to the DNS server's database.

Note

On some systems, especially when <u>Communicating with the Reader using a Link-</u><u>local Address</u>, the hostname must end in ".local" for the connection to succeed. i.e. *Sargas-21071f.local*

Accessing the Reader via Hostname

The first six characters of the MAC address are ThingMagic's manufacturer's code. The last six characters of the MAC address are specific to the Reader and are used for automatic hostname addressing.

To log on to the Reader using the Hostname:

- 1. Obtain the Reader's hostname, launch your web browser, and then log on to the Reader by entering its hostname in the address bar, such as <u>http://Sargas-</u>xxxxx (the last six characters of the Reader's MAC address).
- 2. Press Enter. The Reader's Login dialog box appears.
- 3. Enter the following: User name: web Password: radio
- Click OK. The Reader displays the <u>Sargas Status Page</u>.



Connecting to the USB Console Port

Sargas supports communication over its USB Console port to enable you to:

- Access the boot logs as files.
- Access the console for emergency recovery.
- Learn the IP addresses of all LAN interfaces

Before you connect to the USB Console port, ensure that you have:

- A PC with a USB port.
- A serial terminal program (such as HyperTerminal or PuTTY).
- A USB cable (with USB Mini-B plug)
- USB Serial Driver

Once the USB cable is connected you must determine the port name used by the host OS to connect. On Windows it will be assigned a "COM#". For a MacOSX system, the port name will be "/dev/tty.usbmodem1a123" or similar. For Linux based systems will see it as "/dev/ttyACM0" or similar.

When you have completed setting up the serial port, you must set the following four parameters to allow the terminal program to talk to the Reader:

- Data Rate: 115200
- Parity: None
- Data Bits: 8
- Stop Bits: 1

The procedure for connecting to a specific port is different for each terminal emulation program. Check the documentation for your program for information on setting these parameters.

Once you have set up the USB connection, reboot the Reader, and the boot logs begin to display. If not, recheck the terminal program configuration and try again.

USB Serial Driver

The console port requires the host has a Gadget serial virtual COM port drivers installed. When the USB port is connected to a PC, it appears to the PC as a USB memory stick



with the name, "SARGAS". The Gadget serial virtual COM port drivers are in this directory. When the Gadget driver is installed, the USB port will appear

Please follow the instructions in the installation guide appropriate for your operating system.

Once you have accessed the console port with a terminal program, enter the default username ("debian") and the default password ("rootsecure").

Note

Typing "help" will show you many of the supported Linux commands. One useful command not listed is "ifconfig". It will display the current network settings for all interfaces and is very useful for determining the reader's IP address if you cannot access it by host name.



Using GPIO

The Sargas Reader includes an 8-pin terminal block connector for GPIO access

GPIO Connector on the reader:

- On Shore OSTOQ08B151 or
- Phoenix 1881503

Mating Connector

- On Shore OSTHW08B050 or
- Phoenix 1881383

This connector is used to support two opto-isolated general purpose inputs and two optoisolated general purpose outputs. The values of the GPIO lines can be Get and Set using the MercuryAPI. See the respective guide for more details on software control of these signals.

Connector Pinout

From left to right:

Pin	I/O Name	I/O Function			
1	+5V Supply	Reader supplied (not isolated) power source			
2	V-GPO	Power input for isolated outputs			
3	User OUT 1	Isolated output 1 (active pull down to V-)			
4	User OUT 0	Isolated output 0 (active pull down to V-)			
5	User IN 1	Isolated input 1			
6	User IN 0	Isolated input 0			
7	ISO-GND	Return for isolated inputs and outputs			
8	COM-GND	Reader (not isolated) return			

Electrical Specifications

The electrical specifications are as follows:



Pin	Parameter	Description	Min	Max	Unit	Conditions
+5V Supply	IO	Output current		200	mA	
User IN 0-1	VIH	HIGH level input	3	30	V	
		voltage				
User IN 0-1	VIL	LOW level input	0	0.8	V	
		voltage				
User IN 0-1	ILI	Input current		5	mA	24V input
User IN 0-1	VI	Input voltage range	0	30	V	No damage
User OUT 0-1	VOH	Output high voltage		V+*	V	10k pullup
UserOUT0-1	VOL	Output low voltage		(V-)+0.5	V	100mA load
User OUT 0-1	VI	Supply voltage		30	V	
		range(V+ - V-)				

*User-supplied voltage

Inputs

The two opto-isolated inputs support the following input levels:

V-low (Logic 0) = 0-0.8V

V-high (Logic 1) = 3-30V

5mA max current with 24V input

It is recommended that external devices guarantee a minimum pulse width of at least 100ms.

Outputs

The two opto-isolated outputs support power sourcing, up to +30V with current sink up to 200mA, through an external power supply connected between V-GPO and ISO-GND (pins 2 and 7).

Using the MercuryAPI the output signals (see note under <u>Connector Pinout</u> for enumeration values) can be set as follows:

gpoSet(GPIO_#, 0) sets pin corresponding to GPIO enumeration to Vhigh through 10kohm pull up resistor to V-GPO.

gpoSet(GPIO_#, 1) sets pin corresponding to GPIO enumeration to Vlow through effective short (through isolated FET switch) to ISO-GND.



All outputs have an active pull down to ISO-GND.

Note

For non-isolated applications connect grounds together (pin 7 and 8) and V-GPO to Sargas +5V (pins 2 and 1). With this configuration the reader provides the +5V supply and can sink up to 200mA, total.



Controlling the Reader

The Reader uses RFID (Radio Frequency Identification) technology to read and write data stored on RFID Tag(s).

The Sargas Reader provides three levels of access to controlling read/write operations of RFID tag(s):

1. Using the Browser-Based Interface

A web browser controls high-level Reader operations. See <u>Status Page</u> for information about how to access the browser-based interface.

2. <u>MercuryAPI</u>

High-level APIs (Application Programming Interface) provide fine control over all aspects of the Reader. See the MercuryAPI Programmers Guide at http://www.thingmagic.com/ manuals-firmware.

3. <u>LLRP</u>

EPCglobal ratified protocol used for communication between the Sargas and a client application. The Sargas should be "drop-in compatible" with systems supporting the standard LLRP protocol.

Using the Browser-Based Interface

The Sargas Reader browser-based interface communicates directly with the RFID Reader. It includes several tools that enable you to monitor Reader performance, change Reader settings, and upgrade Reader firmware.

You can run the browser-based interface from any PC on the network. Carefully configure the PC with an IP address and subnet mask compatible with the current operational settings of the Reader.

The Reader navigation menu provides access to the following pages:

- <u>Status Page</u>- Displays the current operational settings.
- <u>Settings Page</u>- Allows the user to modify Reader configuration and network settings.
- <u>The Read Page</u>. Allows the user to read on all configured antennas using the configured setting.



- <u>Firmware Upgrade Utility</u>- Upgrades the tag Reader with new firmware images provided by ThingMagic.
- <u>Diagnostics Page</u>- Provides the current operating settings and access to the log files kept by the Reader.

To start the browser-based interface:

1. Exit all Reader applications on the network.

Note

Running another Reader application while using the browser-based interface may cause a Reader error. If this happens, reboot the Reader or restart it using the browser-based interface.

- 2. Type the host name or IP address of the Reader to which you want to communicate in the address field of the browser. The log-in dialog appears.
- Enter the following: User name: "web" Password: "radio" (all lower-case).
- **4.** Click OK. A navigation menu and the Status page appear in the browser, as shown in the *Figure 7*.

Status Page

The Sargas Status Page, as shown in the *Figure 7*, indicates the reader status, reader version and current LAN configuration parameters.



Settings Page

The Sargas Settings Page enables you to change network, performance and security settings. The page is divided into four main sections:

- <u>Reader (Power) Settings</u>
- <u>(Gen2) Protocol Settings</u>
- <u>Network Settings</u>
- Miscellaneous Settings

Changing these parameters may change the settings the Reader uses on startup. Be careful to use correct values or you may not be able to connect to the Reader without reconfiguring the reader via the console inferface.

Note

All settings set through the *WebUI* | *Settings* pages are **persistent**, they are retained across reboots and become the default settings of the reader for client applications. The values shown on these pages do not necessarily reflect the active settings of the Reader if configuration parameters are transiently changed through the MercuryAPI or LLRP. All changes made through MercuryAPI or LLRP client applications are **transient**. The reader will return to its last saved persistent settings (or default settings) if rebooted.

Note

Do not disconnect power until the save process is complete. Note that new RFID, network and security settings take effect after saving.

Reader (Power) Settings

The Reader Power Settings are used to control the amount of RF Power transmitted by the reader when active. The RF power directly relates to the range at which the reader can "see" tags, the higher the power, the longer the range.



Table 1: Reader Power Settings

Setting	Description
Antennas	Select the antennas over which you would like to read. There is currently no automatic antenna detection support in Sargas readers.
RF Power Setting	Controls the method used for setting power: • Global - all antennas will use the same power setting, the value of RF Power.
	 Per Antenna - power for each antenna must be set individually for each and antenna and both read and write power settings, the value of Antenna # Read/ Write Power.
Antenna # Read Power (dBm)	The power setting used for Read operations on antenna #. This setting is only used when RF Power Setting is set to <i>Per Antenna</i> .
Antenna # Write Power (dBm)	The power setting used for Write operations on antenna #. This setting is only used when RF Power Setting is set to <i>Per Antenna</i> .

🔥 WARNING!

Antenna detection is currently not supported in Sargas. If no antennas are selected in the Settings --> Reader screen, no tags will be read.

(Gen2) Protocol Settings

The Gen2 Protocol Settings allow for optimization of the Reader's performance based on real world usecase requirements. In addition, for advanced users, direct setting of low level Gen2 protocol parameters are available using the Customize option of each section.



Table 2: Gen2 Protocol Settings

Setting	Description			
Tag Reader Protocol Settings	• Maximum tag read rate - Performance is optimized for maximizing the speed of communications between the tag and reader, which results in more tags being read faster.			
	Maximum receive sensitivity - Performance is optimized for reading weake harder to read tags.			
	Note: NOTE: Maximum receive sensitivity is only relevant when using Battery Assisted Passive Tags. Most Passive Tag applications are range limited by the tag's ability to power up, not the reader's ability to hear a tag's response.			
	Customize - Set low level Gen2 parameters related to tag to reader communication speed vs sensitivity. See the <i>MercuryAPI Programmers Guide</i> <i>Performance Tuning</i> section for more details on these settings.			
Tag Population Size Settings	 Automatically adjust settings as tag population changes - Reader dynamically adjusts optimization setting depending on the tag population it detects in the field. 			
	 Adjust settings for an approximate population of X - If the tag population size is relatively well known and consistent, performance can be increased by optimizing for that size. In this case enter the approximate population size for increased performance. NOT IMPLEMENTED IN FIRST RELEASE 			
	 Customize - Set low level Gen2 parameters related to tag population size. See the MercuryAPI Programmers Guide Performance Tuning section for more details on these settings. 			
Tag Repeat Rate	 Tags repeat as often as possible - Tags will re-respond to an on-going inventory operation as quickly as possible. 			
	 Tags wait ~0.5 seconds to repeat - Tags will sleep for their "flag persistence" period, typically 0.5 to 2.0 seconds. This is preferred when trying to inventory large populations of tags as it allows "weaker" tags a chance to respond. 			
	Customize - Set low level Gen2 parameters related to tag response rate and session usage. See the <i>MercuryAPI Programmers Guide</i> <i>Performance Tuning</i> section for more details on these settings.			

Network Settings

Static network settings are ignored when in DHCP mode, and DHCP-related settings are ignored when in static IP mode. Please note that your network needs to have properly configured DNS servers, to connect to the Reader through its hostname. Typically, when using DHCP, the DHCP server will add the hostname to the DNS server's database.



Network Settings: General Network Settings

Table 3: General Network Settings:

Setting	Description
Automatic Hostname	Turning on automatic hostname will append the last six numbers (3 bytes) of the Reader's address to the text in the hostname field. For example, given a hostname of Sargas and a MAC Address of 00:12:A4: 13:47:AC, the automatic hostname would be Sargas-1347ac.
Hostname	This field contains the name of the Reader.
NTP Server	This field contains the address of any network time protocol server(s) (Optional).
Domain Name	This field contains the network domain name.
Primary DNS Server	This field allows the Sargas Reader to resolve hostnames to IP addresses.
Secondary DNS Server	This field allows the Sargas Reader to resolve hostnames to IP addresses.

Ethernet Interface Setttings

Table 4: Ethernet Interface Settings

Setting	Description
Use DHCP?	If set to Yes, the Reader will automatically look for its LAN IP, Netmask, and Gateway addresses from a DHCP Server.
Use Fallback Interface	If set to Yes, the reader will use either a static or link-local address if the IP address cannot be obtained through DHCP
Network Interface	Selects whether a static address or link-local address is used if DHCP fails.
Use DHCP Server- supplied Host- name?	If set to Yes, the manually supplied hostname (see Hostname) will be overridden by the hostname supplied by the DHCP Server.
LAN IP Address	If a static IP address is configured as either a primary or fall-back method, you should manually enter the LAN address.
LAN Gateway	Unless all devices are on a local network, you must enter the IP address of an IP router on your local network (is address must be within the same network as all other local devices.



LAN Netmask	This is the subnet mask IP address used to determine to which TCP/IP subnet the Reader belongs. Devices in the same subnet can communicate locally without going through a router.Conversely, if two devices are configured for different
	subnets, they will seek a router even if on the same physical network.

Miscellaneous Settings

Boot Option Settings

The boot option settings specify the location of downloadable firmware, configuration files and their optional parameters, and the location of a syslog server to which all Reader events may be sent.

Setting	Description
Secure Shell Only	Turn on if you want remote console access over the network to only be done over a secure link.
Secure Web Only	Turn on if you wish to restrict web access to https for security purposes
MDNS enabled	Turn on if you want other applications, such as Universal Reader Assistant, to discover this reader using the Multicast DNS (Bonjour) protocol.
Syslog Host	Hostname for remote logging. All log levels in syslog are sent to this host.

Table 5: Boot Option Settings



Diagnostics Page

The Diagnostics page expands on information found on the Status Page, including the current settings of the Reader, comprehensive version information, and the current status of network interfaces.

Log files may be viewed (which allows them to be copied) or cleared via this screen.

Firmware Upgrade Utility

Sargas provides the Firmware Upgrade Utility for updating the firmware.

Note

The "Revert to default settings" button on this browser page can also be used to reset the reader without upgrading firmware

To upgrade firmware:

1. Click the Firmware link on the navigation menu. The Firmware Update page appears, as shown in *Figure 9*.

Figure 9: Sargas Firmware Update Page



SARGAS					
STATUS	SETTINGS	((i)) READ	FIRMWARE	DIAGNOSTICS	
F Select firmware upgrade file Choose File	E FIR Sargas OS Version: Web UI Version: 5 irmware Loader Versi	CMWARE UPD 5.1.1.189 (2016-06-227 5.1.1.189 (2016-06-227 ion: 5.1.1.189 (2016-06	ATE 112:32:08-0400) 12:39:30-0400) -22T12:39:30-0400) Specif En Exa	y a download URI(tftp, ftp, ht ter URI Imple: http://172.16.16.123/cgi/name	ttp)
	Rev	Update Firmware ert to default setting	5		

- **2.** Do one of the following:
 - In the File upload field, enter the complete URL network pathname of the firmware file.
 - Click Browse... to locate the firmware file.





- **3.** Click the Update button to download the new firmware to the reader. The status frame at the bottom of the page displays the progress of the update.
- 4. Restart the reader to activate the new firmware. The old firmware remains active until the Reader is restarted.Advanced Reader Functionality

Protocol Support

Using the MercuryAPI ReadPlan classes the Sargas can be configured to perform various Read operations. The following describes protocol specific configuration options supported on the Sargas . See the *MercuryAPI Programmers Guide* and language specific reference guides for details on supported Gen2 command functionality.

ISO 18000-6C (Gen2)

Protocol Configuration Options

The Sargas supports multiple ISO-18000-6C profiles including the ability to specify the Link Frequency, encoding schemes, Tari value and modulation scheme. The protocol



options are set in the MercuryAPI Reader Configuration Parameters (/reader/gen2/*). The following table shows the supported combinations:

Backscatter Link Frequency (kHz)	Encoding	Tari (usec)	Modulation Scheme
250	Miller (M=8)	12.5	PR-ASK
250	Miller (M=4)	12.5	PR-ASK
250	Miller (M=2)	12.5	PR-ASK
250	FM0	12.5	PR-ASK
250	Miller (M=8)	25	PR-ASK
250	Miller (M=4)	25	PR-ASK
250	Miller (M=2)	25	PR-ASK
250	FM0	25	PR-ASK
250	Miller (M=8)	25	PR-ASK
640	FM0	6.25	PR-ASK

ISO-18000-6C Protocol Options

ISO 18000-6B

Protocol Configuration Options

The Sargas , with appropriate license purchase, supports multiple ISO-18000-6B profiles including the ability to specify the Return Link Frequency, encoding, Forward Link Rate and modulation scheme. The protocol options are set in the MercuryAPI Reader Configuration Parameters (/reader/iso18000-6b/*). The following table shows the supported combinations:

Return Link Freq (kHz)	Return Encoding	Forward Link Freq (kHz)	Forward Encoding
40	FM0	10	Manchester
40	FM0	10	Manchester
160	FM0	40	Manchester
160	FM0	40	Manchester

ISO-18000-6B	Protocol	Options
--------------	----------	---------



Tag Read Meta Data

When tags are being inventoried by the Sargas , in addition to the tag EPC ID resulting from inventory operation each TagReadData (see *MercuryAPI* for code details)

contains meta data about how, where and when the tag was read. The specific meta data available for each tag read is as follows:

Meta Data Field	Description
Antenna ID	The antenna on with the tag was read. If the same tag is read on more than one antenna there will be a tag object returned for each antenna on which the tag was read.
Read Count	The number of times the tag was read on [Antenna ID].
Timestamp	The time the tag was read. For accurate time an NTP server should be configured.
Tag Data	When reading if an embedded TagOp is specified for a Read- Plan the TagReadData can contain up to 128 bytes of data returned for each tag. Note: Tags with the same TagID but different Tag Data can be considered unique and each get a Tag Buffer entry if set in the reader configuration parameter /reader/tagReadData/ uniqueByData. By default it is not.
Frequency	The frequency on which the tag was read
Tag Phase	Average phase of tag response in degrees (0°-180°)
LQI/RSSI	The receive signal strength of the tag response in dBm.

Tag Read Meta Data



Reader RF Power

During initial installation, the reader must be properly configured to use the correct RF power to comply with FCC or other regional regulations. DO NOT increase the power beyond this level.

The Sargas supports separate read and write power level which are command adjustable via the MercuryAPI. Power levels must be between:

- Minimum RF Power = 0 dBm
- Maximum RF Power = +30.0 dBm

Power Settings for Authorized Antennas and Cables

This device has been designed to operate with the antennas listed in <u>Authorized</u>. <u>Antennas</u> list using the cables in the <u>Authorized Cables</u> list. For any combination of antenna and cable the maximum RF power is determined from antenna gain (Max Linear Gain value from antenna list) and antenna cable loss (Insertion Loss value from cable list) using the formula:

Pmax = 36 dBm - Antenna Gain + Cable Loss

For more information about setting the RF power, refer to Setting the Reader RF Power.

Note

Be sure to read <u>Compliance and IP Notices</u> to maintain compliance with FCC or other applicable regional regulations.



Setting the Reader RF Power

To set the Reader RF power:

- Log on to the Reader using your browser. The Sargas <u>Status Page</u> appears, as shown in the *Figure 7*.
- 2. Click on the Settings icon. Click on the "Reader" header. By default, the value value for power is 30 dBm for all functions, on all antennas.
- 3. Enter the maximum setting based on your cable type, length, and antenna type.
- **4.** Scroll down to the bottom of the screen and click Save changes button. The Settings Page will reload automatically after the settings have been saved.



Thermal Considerations

When transmitting at its highest RF power levels, the enclosure temperature of the Sargas reader will rise just over 20 degrees C above the ambient temperature. Industry guidelines do not consider any surfaces whose temperature is above 70 C to be safe to touch. If the Sargas reader is operated in free space, or mounted to a material that is not thermally conductive, it should not be operated in an ambient temperature greater than 48 degrees C.

To operate the Sargas reader in environments where the ambient temperature is higher than this (up to the maximum specified operating temperature of +60 C), the reader must be mounted to a surface which can limit its temperature rise above ambient to 10 degrees C. If no large thermally conductive surface is available, the Sargas reader will need to be mounted to a heat sink. Heat sinks are rated in degrees C rise in temperature per Watt of power dissipated ("thermal resistance"). We recommend a heat sink rated for no greater than a 10 degree temperature rise for 8 Watts of power dissipation. In testing, we used a high fin-density heat sink with the following specifications (the top heat sink shown in *Figure 10*):

- Base Width: 7.4 inches (187.5 mm)
- Length: 3.0 inches (76.2 mm)
- Height: 3.1 inches (78.9 mm)
- Thermal resistance with natural convection: 0.38

Figure 10: Typical Heat Sinks



With the Sargas reader mounted to this heat sink, the temperature rise above ambient was 6 degrees C when the Sargas reader was continuously transmitting at full RF power levels.

Mounting the Reader

See <u>Appendix B: Sargas Dimensions</u> for mounting hole locations and dimensions.



If there is any chance of dust or water exposure, the Sargas should be mounted in an appropriate water-tight enclosure.

Ceiling or Wall

Follow these steps to mount the reader on a ceiling or wall:

- 1. Hold the reader in its mounting location and mark the position of the four mounting screws.
- 2. Drill holes for the screws and install wall or ceiling anchors if required. For ceiling mount, use only anchors specifically designed for ceilings.
- **3.** Hold reader over holes and insert the screws and tighten until almost flush with the wall.
- **4.** Tighten the screws.



Variables Affecting Performance

Reader performance may be affected by the following variables, depending on the site where your Reader is being deployed:

- <u>Environmental</u>
- <u>Tag Considerations</u>
- <u>Multiple Readers</u>

Environmental

Reader performance may be affected by the following environmental conditions:

- Metal surfaces such as desks, filing cabinets, bookshelves, and wastebaskets may enhance or degrade Reader performance.
- Antennas should be mounted far away from metal surfaces that may adversely affect the system performance.
- Devices that operate at 900 MHz, such as cordless phones and wireless LANs, can degrade Reader performance. The Reader may also adversely affect the performance of these 900 MHz devices.
- Moving machinery can interfere the Reader performance. Test Reader performance with moving machinery turned off.
- Fluorescent lighting fixtures are a source of strong electromagnetic interference and if possible should be replaced. If fluorescent lights cannot be replaced, then keep the Reader cables and antennas away from them.
- Coaxial cables leading from the Reader to antennas can be a strong source of electromagnetic radiation. These cables should be laid flat and not coiled up.

🔥 WARNING! 🍂

The Sargas antenna ports may be susceptible to damage from Electrostatic Discharge (ESD). Equipment failure can result if the antenna or communication ports are subjected to ESD. Standard ESD precautions should be taken during installation to avoid static discharge when handling or making connections to the Sargas reader antenna or communication ports. Environmental analysis should also be performed to ensure static is not building up on and around the antennas, possibly causing discharges during operation.



Tag Considerations

There are several variables associated with tags that can affect Reader performance:

- Application Surface: Some materials, including metal and moisture, interfere with tag performance. Tags applied to items made from or containing these materials may not perform as expected.
- Tag Orientation: Reader performance is affected by the orientation of the tag in the antenna field. The ThingMagic antenna is circularly polarized, so it reads face-to but not edge-to.
- Tag Model: Many tag models are available. Each model has its own performance characteristics.

Multiple Readers

The Reader adversely affect performance of 900 MHz devices. These devices also may degrade performance of the Reader.

- Antennas on other Readers operating in close proximity may interfere with one another, thus degrading performance of the Readers.
- Interference from other antennas may be eliminated or reduced by using either one or both of the following strategies:
 - Affected antennas may be synchronized by a separate user application using a time-multiplexing strategy.
 - Antenna power can be reduced by reconfiguring the RF Transmit Power setting for the Reader.
 - Low read rate settings (high Tari value, low BLF value, high "M" value) will reduce channel-to-channel interference

Note

Performance tests conducted under typical operating conditions at your site are recommended to help you optimize system performance.



Sargas Specifications

The following are the specifications for the Sargas Reader.

UHF RFID Antenna Interface

Interface: Two RP-SMA Connectors

RF Power Output: Separate read and write levels, adjustable from 0 dBm to 30.0 dBm* (1.0 W)

Frequency: Hop table with up to 62 entries, configurable in 50KHz steps, accommodating the following ranges (hardware dependent):

- 902-928 MHz (FCC; NA, SA)
- 865.6-867.6 MHz (ETSI; EU)
- 865-867 MHz (MCIT; India)

Power

External DC Power: 5 VDC +/- 0.25V supply voltage. Maximum DC power: 15 W

Note

If a third-party DC Power supply is used it must meet the following criteria:

- Be UL Listed
- Meet the above operating specs
- The output must comply with SELV and LPS characteristics

- Have a maximum operating ambient temperature that meets or exceeds the intended Sargas operating temperatures as covered under the UL Listing of the power supply.

Environmental

Operating Temperature: -40°C to +60°C

Note

If an external DC power supply with a lower operating ambient temperature, as covered under the UL Listing of the power supply, is used then the operating ambient temperature of the Sargas would be reduced accordingly.

Storage Temperature: -40°C to +85°C

Sargas User Guide



Physical Dimensions

87 mm L x 80 mm W x 23.80 mm H

(3.4 in L x 3.1 in W x 0.9 in H)

0.27 kg (0.6 lbs)

Supported UHF Tag Protocols

- EPC Class 1 GEN2 (ISO 18000-6C) with DRM
- ISO 18000-6B (Optional)
- IP-X: EM 412x (Optional)

Data/Control Interfaces

Connectors:

- RJ45 (10/100 Base-T Ethernet)
- USB Type B (console port)
- USB Type A (accessory port)
- 8-pin terminal block (GPIO interface)
- 5 mm x 2.1 mm coaxial jack (DC power)
- Micro SD card interface (has been tested with cards of up to 128 GB capacity)
- HDMI video port

Indicators, switches, and GPIOs:

- Dual LED boot and reading status indicators
- Power On Indicator
- 4 processor status indicators
- Isolated GPIOs: 2 Inputs & 2 Outputs plus +5 VDC and ground references

Performance

• Read Rate: Over 750 tags/second



Read Distance: Over 30 ft (9m) read distance with a 6dBi antenna (emitting 36 dBm EIRP) with a tag which has -15 dBm receive sensitivity.

Regulatory & Safety

- FCC 47 CFR Ch. 1 Part 15
- Industrie Canada RSS-21 0
- ETSI EN 302 208 V1.1.1 and V1.2.1 (with corresponding Sargas-EU hardware)
- ROHS Compliant, UL Listed

Processor

• 1 GHz TI ARM Cortex A8 (AM335x)

User Memory

- 4 GBFlash
- 512MB DD RAM

Real Time Clock

• Backup time: 1 week at room temperature

Operating System

• Debian Linux kernel version 3.8



Compliance and IP Notices

Regulatory Compliance

EMC FCC 47 CFR, Part 15 Industrie Canada RSS-210

Federal Communication Commission Interference Statement

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

FCC Caution: Any changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate this equipment.

Industry Canada

Under Industry Canada regulations, this radio transmitter may only operate using an antenna of a type and maximum (or lesser) gain approved for the transmitter by Industry Canada. To reduce potential radio interference to other users, the antenna type and its



gain should be so chosen that the equivalent isotropically radiated power (e.i.r.p.) is not more than that necessary for successful communication.

This radio transmitter (identify the device by certification number, or model number if Category II) has been approved by Industry Canada to operate with the antenna types listed in <u>Authorized Antennas</u> and <u>Authorized Cables</u> tables with the maximum permissible gain and required antenna impedance for each antenna type indicated. Antenna types not included in this list, having a gain greater than the maximum gain indicated for that type, are strictly prohibited for use with this device

Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference, including interference that may cause undesired operation of the device.

To reduce potential radio interference to other users, the antenna type and its gain should be so chosen that the equivalent isotropically radiated power (e.i.r.p.) is not more than that permitted for successful communication.

To comply with IC RF exposure limits for general population/uncontrolled exposure, the antenna(s) used for this transmitter must be installed to provide a separation distance of at least 25 cm from all persons and must not be collocated or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.

Industrie Canada

Conformément à la réglementation d'Industrie Canada, le présent émetteur radio peut fonctionner avec une antenne d'un type et d'un gain maximal (ou inférieur) approuvé pour l'émetteur par Industrie Canada. Dans le but de réduire les risques de brouillage radioélectrique à l'intention des autres utilisateurs, il faut choisir le type d'antenne et son gain de sorte que la puissance isotrope rayonnée équivalente (p.i.r.e.) ne dépasse pas l'intensité nécessaire à l'établissement d'une communication satisfaisante.

Le présent émetteur radio (identifier le dispositif par son numéro de certification ou son numéro de modèle s'il fait partie du matériel de catégorie I) a été approuvé par Industrie Canada pour fonctionner avec les types d'antenne énumérés ci-dessous et ayant un gain admissible maximal et l'impédance requise pour chaque type d'antenne. Les types d'antenne non inclus dans cette liste, ou dont le gain est supérieur au gain maximal indiqué, sont strictement interdits pour l'exploitation de l'émetteur

Le fonctionnement de l'appareil est soumis aux deux conditions suivantes:

1. Cet appareil ne doit pas perturber les communications radio, et



2. cet appareil doit supporter toute perturbation, y compris les perturbations qui pourraient provoquer son dysfonctionnement.

Pour réduire le risque d'interférence aux autres utilisateurs, le type d'antenne et son gain doivent être choisis de façon que la puissance isotrope rayonnée équivalente (PIRE) ne dépasse pas celle nécessaire pour une communication réussie.

Au but de conformer aux limites d'exposition RF pour la population générale (exposition non-contrôlée), les antennes utilisés doivent être installés à une distance d'au moins 25 cm de toute personne et ne doivent pas être installé en proximité ou utilisé en conjonction avec un autre antenne ou transmetteur.



Appendix A: Sargas Antenna and Cable Information

Authorized Antennas

To comply with FCC requirements for RF exposure safety, a separation distance of at least 25 cm (8.7 inches) must be maintained between the radiating elements of the antenna and nearby people. You must also provide strain relief for all Reader connections.

The only antennas authorized by the FCC for use with the Sargas Reader are listed in the table below. Detailed information on each antenna is available from their respective manufacturers. Antennas not included in this list or having a gain greater than 6 dBiL are strictly prohibited for use with this device. The required antenna impedance is 50 ohms

Manufacturer	Туре	Manufacturer Part Number	Max. Linear Gain (dBiL)
Laird	Patch	S9025P	4.3
Laird	Patch	S8658WPL	6.0
MTI	Patch	MT-262013	6.0
MTI	Patch	MT-242043	6.0
MTI	Patch	MT-242025	5.1
Axiom Wireless Tech	Ceramic Patch	MPAC29SE921P-TA	-3.0
Laird	Dipole	FG9026	6.0

Table 6: Authorized Antennas

Note

IMPORTANT: Only similar antennas with the same or lower gain may be used with the Sargas Reader without violating FCC regulations. It is the responsibility of the user to comply with this requirement.



Authorized Cables

The following table contains the cable loss values for authorized shielded coaxial cables provided by ThingMagic Use of these cables requires an RP-SMA to RP-TNC adapter.

Cable Description	ThingMagic Part Number	Insertion Loss
6' RTNC to RTNC Cable	CBL-P6	0.8 dB
12' RTNC to RTNC Cable	CBL-P12	1.5 dB
20' RTNC to RTNC Cable	CBL-P20	2.4 dB
20' RTNC to RTNC Plenum Cable	CBL-P20-PL	2.4 dB
25' RTNC to RTNC Cable	CBL-P25	3.0 dB



Appendix B: Sargas Dimensions

Figure 11: Sargas Dimension





Appendix C: Advanced Administration

Changing console/root password:

To change the root password, used by the command-line interface and console access, use standard linux "passwd [userid]" command.

debian@Sargas-c8b641:~\$ passwd Changing password for debian. (current) UNIX password: Enter new UNIX password: Retype new UNIX password: passwd: password updated successfully



Appendix D: Troubleshooting

Troubleshooting Table

Problem	Path to Solution	
Cannot connect to reader over network	 Check your network settings by to make sure you're trying the correct IP address. 	
	 If the settings are wrong, try to <u>Using Safe Mode</u> to get a known network configuration, 	
	 or <u>Reset to the Default Configuration</u> and start the configuration over. 	
	 the MercuryAPI and Query applet communicate using the LLRP interface which uses network port 5084. Verify 5084 is not being blocked by the network firewall. 	
Reader is not reading tags	 Verify LEDs are blinking according to <u>Interpreting the Reader</u> <u>Indicator LEDs</u> 	
	 If they are, indicating active RF, make sure tags are in range. 	
	Check antenna cables	
	 Try known good Gen2 tags 	
	Increase <u>Reader RF Power</u>	
Reader error LED stays on	Following <u>Collecting Diagnostic Data for ThingMagic Support</u> and send to support.	
Read "Performance" is slow	 Performance, as it relates to tag reading, is very usecase dependent. Typically, it comes down to whether you are trying to read lots of tags once or a few tags repeatedly. If the reader settings aren't correct for your usecase the performance will appear poor. See the <i>MercuryAPI Programmer's Guide Performance Tuning</i> section for details about settings. 	
	 Use the Universal Reader Assistant Options Advanced Gen2 Settings to modify the settings for your usecase. 	
Errors after a Firmware Upgrade	 Try reinstalling the firmware with "Revert to default settings" selected. 	

Table 7: Common Problems and Solutions

Reset to the Default Configuration

If you are experiencing a problem with the reader and are having difficulty pinpointing the cause, it is useful to return the reader to a known state. The easiest method of doing this



is to navigate to the Firmware screen and press the button labeled, "Revert to default settings", shown in *Figure 9*.

Safe Mode

If the standard web interface should be come corrupted such that the reader firmware cannot be updated, a backup web page is available. It is accessed the same as the standard web page, but with a port number of "8888". To do this, you add ":8888" after the Sargas host name or IP address of the URL you are accessing. For example, *http:// 10.8.80.61:8888/firmware* or *http://sargas-b65b2f:8888/firmware*. You will be presented with the login prompt again. The only screen available will be the one for updating firmware.



Collecting Diagnostic Data for ThingMagic Support

When experience problems connecting to the Sargas or performing RF (reading, writing) operations it will be necessary to gather the following information to help diagnose the problem. This information will often be the first thing requesting when reporting a problem to ThingMagic support.

Collect the following:

- 1. Diagnostics Status and Logs: Save the contents of the <u>Diagnostics Page</u> and the output from the <u>Diagnostics Page</u> | *View Log* button.
- 2. Sargas Serial Number: See the 2d barcode label.



- **3. Controlling software**: any details about the software used to control the reader. LLRP based middleware, MercuryAPI app (what version and language), platform, etc.
- 4. **Physical Configuration**: any details available about the number and types of antennas connected, cables used, power supply, etc.
- 5. **Environment**: any details about the physical environment the Sargas is being used/tested in. Temperature, humidity, vehicle mounted, office, etc.